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Kasper Law, who served as attorney of record for Defendant's Chapter 7

Desc

- 3. On September 30, 2014, Plaintiff filed a Request for Clerk to Enter Default Under LBR 7055-1(a), and the Clerk entered Defendant's Default that same day.
- 4. On October 3, 2014, Travis Kasper Esq. of Kasper Law contacted Plaintiff's counsel, stating that he would be representing Defendant in the Adversary Proceeding and requesting that Plaintiff stipulate to set aside the entry of Default
- 5. Plaintiff and Defendant now stipulate to an Order to set aside Defendant's Default
- 6. Plaintiff and Defendant further stipulate to an Order allowing the appearance by Defendant BRIAN HANLEY by Answer. Said Answer is attached as Exhibit A.

Dated: 10/20/14

PIERCE LAW GROUP LLP

David Albert Pierce, Esq. Azita Mirzaian, Esq.

Attorney for Plaintiff

TIA MOWRY

KASPER LAW

Travis Guwara Kasper, Esq.

Attorney for Defendant

BRIAN HANLEY

STIPULATION TO SET ASIDE DEFAULT OF BRIAN HANLEY

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* A COM

EXHIBIT "A"

Case 2:14-ap-01519-RK Doc 9 Filed 10/21/14 Entered 10/21/14 10:36:47 - COM Main Document 1 Travis Kasper SBN 264553 714 W. Olympic Blvd., Suite 450 2 Los Angeles, CA 90015 Telephone: (213) 632-9697 3 Facsimile: (213) 568-4626 4 Attorney for Debtor 5 Brian Hanley 6 **UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT** 7 **CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA** 8 9 In re CASE NO.: 2:14-bk-18459-RK ADV. NO.: 10 2:14-ap-01519-RK BRIAN HANLEY CHAPTER: 7 11 Debtor(s) 12 ANSWER TO COMPLAINT FOR TIA MOWRY, an individual, 13 **DETERMINATION OF** DISCHARGEABILITY OF DEBT Plaintiff(s) 14 15 VS. 16 BRIAN HANELY, an individual. 17 Defendant(s). 18 19 TO: THE HONORABLE ROBERT KWAN, UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY 20 JUDGE AND PLAINTIFF: 21 Rolando H. Martinez ("Defendant") files his Answer to Complaint For 22 Determination of Dischargeability of Debt. Answering paragraph 1 of the Complaint, Defendant admits those 1. 25 allegations. 26 Answering paragraph 2 of the Complaint, Defendant admits those 27 allegations. 28 ANSWER TO COMPLAINT FOR DETERMINATION OF DISCHARGEABILITY OF DEBT Page 1

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allegations.

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Case 2:14-a	p-01519-RK Doc 9 Filed 10/21/14 Entered 10/21/14 10:36:47 Desc Main Document Page 6 of 11
15.	Answering paragraph 15 of the Complaint, Defendant depiles those
allegations.	
16.	Answering paragraph 16 of the Complaint, Defendant denies those
allegations.	The second secon
17.	Answering paragraph 17 of the Complaint, Defendant denies those
allegations.	
18.	Answering paragraph 18 of the Complaint, Defendant denies those
allegations.	
19.	Answering paragraph 19 of the Complaint, Defendant can neither admit
nor deny the	ese allegations
20.	Answering paragraph 20 of the Complaint, Defendant denies those
allegations.	
21.	Answering paragraph 21 of the Complaint, Defendant denies those
allegations.	
22.	Answering paragraph 22 of the Complaint, Defendant denies those
allegations.	
23.	Answering paragraph 23 of the Complaint, Defendant denies those
allegations.	· C
24.	Answering paragraph 24 of the Complaint, Defendant can neither admit
nor deny the	ese allegations.
25.	Answering paragraph 25 of the Complaint, Defendant can neither admit
nor deny the	ese allegations.
26.	Answering paragraph 26 of the Complaint, Defendant denies those
allegations.	
27.	Answering paragraph 27 of the Complaint, Defendant can neither admit
	se allegations.
ANSWER TO COM	PLAINT FOR DETERMINATION OF DISCHARGEABILITY OF DEBT Page 3

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Case 2:14-ap-01519-RK Doc 9 Filed 10/21/14 Entered 10/21/14 10:36:47 Page 8 of 11 Main Document

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AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Jasmine BRA (The Complaint Fails To State A Claim Upon Which Relief Can Be Granted)

As a first affirmative defense, Defendant alleges the Complaint fails to state a claim upon which relief can be granted. The untrue facts in the Complaint do not give rise to a claim under the cause of action in the Complaint.

SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Plaintiffs Nave Insufficient Evidence To Establish Its Case)

As a second affirmative defense, Defendant alleges Plaintiffs do not have sufficient evidence to establish the required elements of the causes of actions in the Complaint.

THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Reserving the Right to Amend for Further Defenses)

As a seventh affirmative defense, Defendant reserves the right to amend its Answer herein, including the addition of further affirmative defenses after pleading and Discovery and preparation for Trial.

RESPONSE TO CLAIM FOR RELIEF

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

Defendant denies that he lured in Plaintiff and made false statements or misrepresentations. In fact Plaintiff approached Defendant to have him manage her tweets as she was dissatisfied with the way that Innovative Artists and Buzzwave was representing her.

Case 2:14-ap-01519-RK Doc 9 Filed 10/21/14 Entered 10/21/14 10:36:47 Page 9 of 11 Main Document

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Plaintiff is further confused about the various parties as Buzzwave is or was an LLC and it was not owned by Defendant. Additionally, while defendant was employed with Innovative Artists and was managing Plaintiff's accounts, he was not responsible and was not in any way in charge of the accounts, accounting or payments made to Plaintiff.

Additionally, the way that Defendant managed Plaintiff's accounts was in no way different than when he had managed her accounts while he was under the employe of Innovative Artists, which was good enough to have Plaintiff ask for him to take control of her Tweets.

Defendant denies that he ever mislead, misrepresented any acts or misinformation to Plaintiff

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

Defendant did not and has not raudulently withheld funds from Plaintiff. Money was paid to the government for tax purposes. Defendant did not intend to deprive Plaintiff of any monies nor did he intend to convert

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

Defendant denies that he has breached any contract with Plaintiff over the payment of monies relating to the Plaintiff's Twitter accounts

FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

Defendant denies that he has been unjustly enriched, intentionally or otherwise, by the actions he took in managing Plaintiff's Tweet accounts. MI'NCBRAND CON

FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

¢ase 2:14-ap-01519-RK Filed 10/21/14 Doc 9 Entered 10/21/14 10:36:47 Main Document Page 10 of 11 Defendant did not and has not fraudulently or used unfair business practices in 1 his dealings with Plaintiff. Additionally, Defendant did not engage in any willful, knowing or intended actions that would withhold any purported funds from Plaintiff. SRAND. COM 4 5 6 WHEREFORE, Defendant prays for the following: 7 1. That Plaintiffs take nothing by their Complaint on any of the causes of 8 actions; That Defendant be awarded his attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to 2. 10 Section 105; and 11 For such other relief as the Court deems just and proper. 3. DATED: October 15, 2014 to. Attorney for Debtor SMI'N OBRAND COM -7-

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PROOF OF SERVICE OF DOCUMENT

l am over the age of 18 and not a party to this bankruptcy case or adversary proceeding. My business address is:
9100 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 225 East Tower
Beverly Hills, CA 90212
A true and correct copy of the foregoing document entitled (specify): STIPULATION TO SET ASIDE DEFAULT JUDGMENT; PROPOSED ORDER
THE THE THE TELL TO BE THE TOP OBE DELTAGE TO BE THE TOP OBED ORDER
will be served or was served (a) on the judge in chambers in the form and manner required by LBR 5005-2(d); and (b) in
the manner stated below:
4. TO DE OEDVED DY THE COURT WAS ASSESSED.
1. TO BE SERVED BY THE COURT VIA NOTICE OF ELECTRONIC FILING (NEF): Pursuant to controlling General
Orders and LBR, the foregoing document will be served by the court via NEF and hyperlink to the document. On (date)
the following persons are on the Electronic Mail Notice List to receive NEF transmission at the email addresses stated
below:
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$\mathcal{L}_{\mathcal{A}}$
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Service information continued on attached page 2. SERVED BY UNITED STATES MAIL:
Service information continued on attached page
2. SERVED BY UNITED STATES MAIL:
On (date) 10/21/2014 I served the following persons and/or entities at the last known addresses in this bankruptor
case or adversary proceeding by placing a true and correct copy thereof in a sealed envelope in the United States mail
this class, postage prepaid, and addressed as follows. Listing the judge here constitutes a declaration that mailing to the
judge will be completed no later than 24 hours after the document is filed.
Travis G. Kasper, Esq. U.S. Bankruptcy Court
Law Offices of Travis Kasper 255 E. Temple Street
714 W. Olympic Blvd., Suite 450 Los Angeles, CA 90012
Los Angeles, CA 90018 Hon. Robert Kwan, Suite 1682
Serviçe information continued on attached page
3 SERVED BY REDSONAL DELIVERY OVERNIGHT MAN. FACOURING TO THE
3. <u>SERVED BY PERSONAL DELIVERY, OVERNIGHT MAIL, FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION OR EMAIL (state method for each person or entity served)</u> : Pursuant to F.R.Civ.P. 5 and/or controlling LBR, on <i>(date)</i> I served
the following persons and/or entitle by personal delivery, overnight mail service, or (for those who consented in writing to
such service method), by facsimile transmission and/or email as follows. Listing the judge here constitutes a declaration
trial personal delivery on, or overnight mail to, the judge will be completed no later than 24 hours after the document is
filed.
λ
Service information continued on attached page
l declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that the foregoing is true and correct.
10/21/2014 Benjamin Kuerschner
Date Printed Name Signature
<u> </u>
This form is mandatory. It has been approved for use by the United States Rankruntcy Court for the Control District of California

F 9013-3.1.PROOF.SERVICE

FORM B104 (08/07)

ADVERSARY PROCESSING ASSESSED		7	2007 USBC, Central District of Ca
ADVERSARY PROCEEDING COVER SI (Instructions on Page 2)	HEET	(Court Use	RY PROCEEDING NUMBI
PLAINTIFFS	T DETERMINE		RECEIVED
Tia Mowry	DEFENDANTS Brian Hanley		AU6 0 1 2014
ATTORNEYS (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone No.) PIERCE LAW GROUP LLP 9100 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 225E, Beverly Hills, CA 90212 Fel: (310) 274-9191	ATTORNEYS (If K Law Offices of Tr 714 W. Olympic E	avis Ġ. Kasp e Blvd Suite 45	CLERK U.S. RAUK PHOTOL
PARTY (Check One Box Only)	161. (213)032-968	<u> </u>	
□ Debtor □ U.S. Trustee/Bankruptcy Admin	PARTY (Check Or ☑ Debtor		too/Dentuments Asia
☑ Creditor □ Other	☐ Creditor	□ Other	tee/Bankruptcy Admin
□ Trustee	☐ Trustee		
(Namber up to live (5) boxes starting with lead cause of action as	Prof. Code Sec. 1720	non-dischargoreach of con 00 et seq.	geability of debt pursuant to 11 tract; (4) unjust enrichment; ar
RBP 7001(1) – Recovery of Money/Property	FRBP 7001(6) - Dis		
11-Recovery of money/property - §542 turnover of property	61-Dischargeal	oility - §523(a)((continued) 5), domestic support
12-Recovery of money/property - §547 preference	68-Dischargeat	oility - §523(a)(6	6), willful and malicious injury
-	☐ 63-Dischargeat	ility - §523(a)(8	s), student loan
13-Recovery of money/property - §548 fraudulent transfer	☐ 64-Dischargeat	ility - §523(a)(1	5), divorce or separation obligation
14-Recovery of money/property - other	65-Dischargeab	omestic suppor	rt)
RBP 7001(2) – Validity, Priority or Extent of Lien	72		
☐ 21-Validity, priority or extent of lien or other interest in property	FRSP/7001(7) - Inju	nctive Relief ef – imposition	of stav
RBP 7001(3) – Approval of Sale of Property	72-Injunctive reli	ef – other	-
31-Approval of sale of property of estate and of a co-owner - §363(h)	FRBP 7001(8) Subo	rilination of CI	atus a di di
RBP 7001(4) – Objection/Revocation of Discharge	81-Subordination	of claim or inte	aim or interest erest
41-Objection / revocation of discharge - §727(c),(d),(e)			
RBP 7001(5) – Revocation of Confirmation	FRBP 7001(9) Decla 91-Declaratory ju	ratory ∛udgme ⊪doment	ent
51-Revocation of confirmation			
PRP 7004/6\ Disate	FRBP 7001(10) Determination	mination of Re	emoved Action
BP 7001(6) – Dischargeability		or removed dia	arm or cause
66-Dischargeability - §523(a)(1),(14),(14A) priority tax claims	Other	4=11.4.4.1.1	
62-Dischargeability - §523(a)(2), false pretenses, false representation, actual fraud	SS-SIPA Case –	15 U.S.C. §§78	Baaa et.seq.
67 Dischargeability - §523(a)(4), fraud as fiduciary, embezzlement,	court if unrela	ted to bankrupt	would have been brought in state cy case)
(continued next column)			
Check if this case involves a substantive issue of state law			
	☐ Check if this is a	sserted to be	a class action under FRCP 23
Check if a jury trial is demanded in complaint	Demand \$ 179,992.6	5	
er Relief Sought			

Case 2:14-ap-01519-RK Doc 1 Filed 08/01/14 Entered 08/01/14 16:19:58 Desc Main Document Page 2 of 17

FORM B104 (08/07), page 2

2007 USBC, Central District of California

BANKE	UPTCY CASE I	N WHICH THIS ADVERSAR	Y PROCEEDING ARISES	
NAME OF DEBTOR			BANKRUPTCY CASE NO.	
Brian Hanley			2:14-bk-18459	
DISTRICT IN WHICH CASE IS PENDING Central District of California		DIVISIONAL OFFICE Los Angeles	NAME OF JUDGE Hon. Robert Kwan	
	RELA	TED ADVERSARY PROCEEDING (
PLAINTIFF		NDANT	ADVERSARY PROCEEDING NO.	
DISTRICT IN WHICH ADVERSARY IS PENDING		DIVISIONAL OFFICE	NAME OF JUDGE	
SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY (OR I	PLAINTIFF)	?		
DATE 8/1/14	300	PRINT NAME OF ATTORNEY David Albert Pierce, Esq.	(OR PLAINTIFF)	

INSTRUCTIONS

The filing of a bankruptcy case creates an "estate" under the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court which consists of all of the property of the debtor, wherever that property is located. Because the bankruptcy estate is so extensive and the jurisdiction of the court so broad, there may be lawsuits over the property or property rights of the estate. There also may be lawsuits concerning the debtor's discharge. If such a lawsuit is filed in a bankruptcy court, it is called an adversary proceeding.

A party filing an adversary proceeding must also complete and the Form 104, the Adversary Proceeding Cover Sheet, unless the party files the adversary proceeding electronically through the court's Case Management/Electronic Case Filing system (CM/ECF). (CM/ECF captures the information on Form 104 as part of the filing process.) When completed, the cover sheet summarizes basic information on the adversary proceeding. The cierk of court needs the information to process the adversary proceeding and prepare required statistical reports on court activity.

The cover sheet and the information contained on it do not replace or supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, the Bankruptcy Rules, or the local rules of court. The cover sheet, which is largely self-explanatory, must be completed by the plaintiff's attorney (or by the plaintiff if the plaintiff is not represented by an attorney). A separate cover sheet must be submitted to the clerk for each complaint filed.

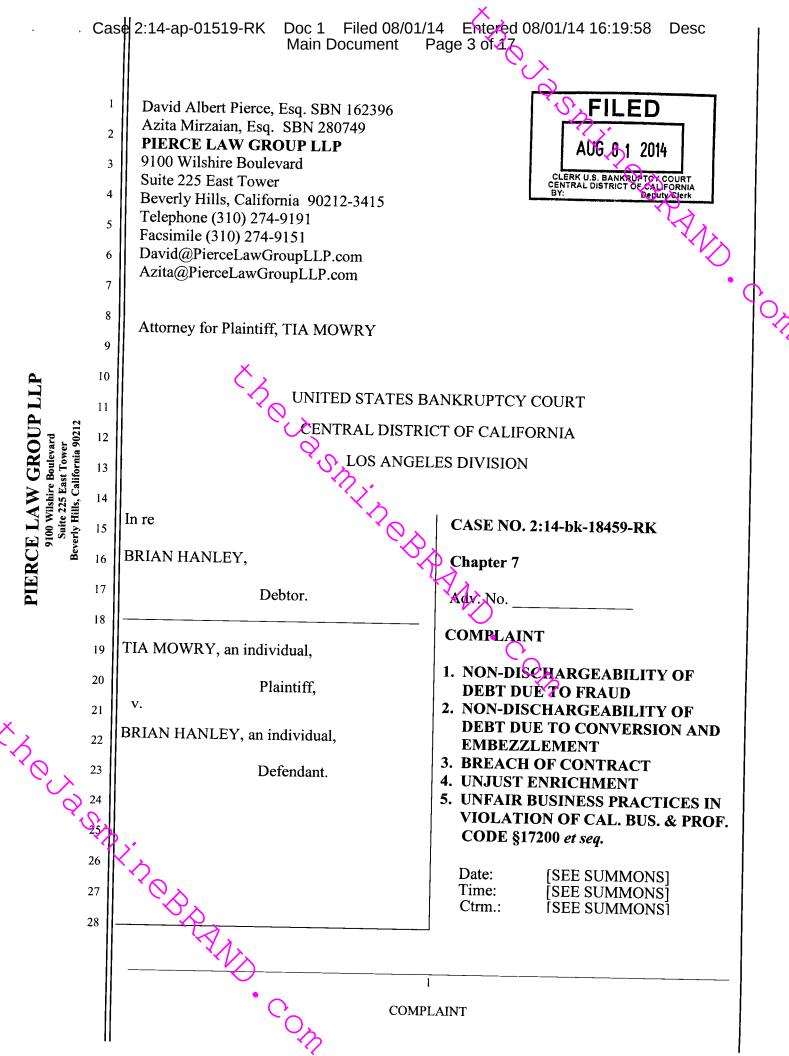
Plaintiffs and Defendents. Give the names of the plaintiffs and defendants exactly as they appear on the complaint.

Attorneys. Give the names and addresses of the attorneys, if known.

Party. Check the most appropriate box in the first column for the plaintiffs and the second column for the defendants.

Demand. Enter the dollar amount being demanded in the complaint.

Signature. This cover sheet must be signed by the attorney of record in the box on the second page of the form. If the plaintiff is represented by a law firm, a member of the firm must sign. If the plaintiff is pro se, that is, not presented by an attorney, the plaintiff must sign.



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Plaintiff alleges:

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JURISDICTION AND VENUE

This Court has jurisdiction over this proceeding pursuant to 28U.S.C. §§ 157(b) 1. and 1334(b). This action is a core proceeding pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 157(b)(2)(1) and (O). This adversary proceeding (this "Proceeding") is brought pursuant to 11 U.S.C. \$523 and Rule 7001 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure ("FRBP"). This Proceeding arises in and relates to the Bankruptcy Case under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy code (the "Code") entitled In re Brian Hanley, Case No. 2:14-bk-18459-RK (the "Bankruptcy Case"), which is presently pending before the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Central District of California, Los Angeles Division ("this Court").

THE PARTIES

- Plaintiff TIA MOWRY (hereinafter "Plaintiff" or "Mowry") is an individual 2. and is a resident of Los Angeles County, California.
- Defendant BRIAN HANLEY (hereinafter "Defendant" or "Debtor" or 3. "Hanley") is an individual and, upon information and belief, is and at all relevant times was a resident of Los Angeles, California. He is the Debtor in the Bankruptcy Case.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- Plaintiff is a celebrity personality and actress who carrently appears as the main 4. character in the Nickelodeon television series Instant Mom.
- 5. Defendant is an individual who holds himself out as a social media specialist and procures social media opportunities for others.
- In or about mid-2009, Plaintiff entered into an agreement with Innovative 6. Artists agency, wherein Innovative Artists agreed to procure, obtain, facilitate, and manage certain sponsored Twitter "Tweet" deals for Plaintiff, in exchange for a Ten Percent (10%) commission on these deals.
 - Defendant was the designated Innovative Artists employee responsible for

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overseeing and providing these services.

- 8. On information and belief, the employment relationship between Defendant and Innovative Artists was terminated on or about March 2010.
- 9. Defendant failed to immediately notify Plaintiff of this termination of his employment and continued to perform all of the same functions as her "Tweet manager,"
- At some point, Defendant did notify Plaintiff of his termination and obtained 10. Plaintiff's consent to continue to act as her "Tweet manager," under the same compensation terms - that is, Ten Percent (10%), and no other fees or deductions (hereinafter, the "Agreement").
- Defendant continued performing all services as an individual doing business as 11. "Buzzwave," and later as "Rhythm Rocket Social Media Services."
- Neither "Buzzwave" nor "Rhythm Rocket Social Media Services" is a 12. registered entity in the State of California, nor is Defendant individually registered as a "dba" in Los Angeles County.
- Defendant stopped providing Tweet management services to Plaintiff in 13. approximately July 2013.
- While Defendant was providing his Tweet management services to Plaintiff via 14. Innovative Artists, he received a 10% commission on sponsored Tweets.
- When Defendant later began providing his services via Buzzwave, he agreed 15. that he would continue to charge a 10% commission on sponsored rweets.
- During the time that Defendant provided Plaintiff with Tweet management 16. services, the third parties paying for the sponsored Tweets usually issued payments to Defendant; Defendant was to take his 10% commission and tender the remaining 90% of the money to Plaintiff.
- On some occasions, the third parties paid Plaintiff or her representatives 17. directly, and in those instances, Plaintiff or her representatives would tender Defendant's 10% commission to him.
 - But for the most part, the third party payments for sponsored Tweets were

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issued to Defendant, who then was responsible for tendering the appropriate sums to Plaintiff.

- In mid-2013, Plaintiff and her representatives began to suspect that Plaintiff was 19. not receiving the full sums that she was entitled to for her sponsored Tweets.
- When Plaintiff's accountant raised this issue with Defendant, Defendant 20. claimed that he was withholding certain amounts of money because he had paid axes on Plaintiff's sponsored Tweet earnings in 2012.
- Defendant did not provide documentation to support his claim that he had paid 21. these taxes, despite him being asked to provide the same.
- Plaintiff's accountant responded that Plaintiff's taxes are not to be paid by 22. Defendant, that Defendant has no authorization to withhold fees to pay for those taxes, and that Defendant needed to provide the accountant with further information to determine if an amended 2012 tax return was needed.
 - Defendant failed to provide further information. 23.
- Upon learning that Defendant was withholding funds to allegedly pay for taxes 24. on Plaintiff's sponsored Tweet earnings, Plaintiff and her representatives conducted an internal audit to determine exactly how much money Defendant had failed to tender to Plaintiff.
 - Plaintiff's audit revealed further misappropriation. 25.
- At some point, without notice to or authorization from Plaintiff or her 26. representatives, Defendant had begun to charge an additional 5% "administrative fee" for his services.
- Plaintiff's audit also revealed that at some point, without notice or authorization 27. from Plaintiff or her representatives, Defendant had begun to withhold 35% of the sponsored Tweet fees to allegedly pay for the taxes on Plaintiff's Twitter earnings.
- Records that Plaintiff has obtained show that from 2009 to 2013, the three main 28. ad agencies (Izea, Ad.Ly, and MyLikes) that brokered Plaintiff's Twitter offers paid out One Hundred and Eight Thousand Five Hundred and Ninety Eight Dollars and Eleven Cents (\$108,598,11) for sponsored Tweets.
 - Defendant's Ten Percent (10%) commission on this sum totals Ten Thousand



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Eight Hundred and Fifty Nine Dollars and Eighty One Cents (\$10,859.81).

- 30. Plaintiff was entitled to receive the remaining Ninety Seven Thousand Seven Hundred and Thirty Eight Dollars and Thirty Cents (\$97,738.30) from these sponsored Tweets.
- However, the sum of the payments that Plaintiff actually received for these 31. sponsored Tweets totals only Thirty Seven Thousand Seven Hundred and Forty One Follars and Seventy Five Cents (\$37,741.75).
- 32. Plaintiff has not received the remaining Fifty Nine Thousand Nine Hundred and Ninety Seven Dollars and Fifty Five Cents (\$59,997.55) that she is owed.
- Despite the fact that Defendant was tasked with the management of these 33. financial transactions, to date, Defendant has failed to provide Plaintiff with a complete and accurate record of the revenues generated from the sponsored Tweets.
- Defendant's failure to comply with the terms of the Agreement, and his 34. unauthorized and secret withholding of sums he was not entitled to keep constitutes an actionable, intentional, deceptive, and fraudulent act by Defendant.
- To date, Defendant has falled to pay to Plaintiff the sums of money that Plaintiff 35. is entitled to receive.
- Defendant has also failed to provide Plaintiff with a full and complete 36. accounting of all of the sponsored Twitter "Tweet" deals that he facilitated; the amounts that he received for these deals; the amounts that he withheld for his Ten Percent (10%) commission; the amounts that he tendered to Plaintiff; and to whom he tendered Plaintiff's portion of the moneys.
- Plaintiff attempted to resolve this matter via settlement discussions prior to 37. resorting to legal action, but Defendant refused to engage in good-faith settlement discussions.
- On April 30, 2014, Plaintiff filed a civil suit against Defendant in Los Angeles 38. Superior Court (Mowry v. Hanley et al., BC544071), alleging fraud, breach of contract, conversion, unjust enrichment, and unfair business practices.
- That same day, April 30, 2014, Defendant filed for Chapter 7 bankruptcy, thereby immediately staying the civil action in Los Angeles Superior Court and compelling



Plaintiff to seek relief from this Court.

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FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

For Non-Dischargeability Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §523(a)(2)(A)

- Plaintiff incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 to 39 of this Complaint into this 40. section as though fully set forth herein.
 - 41. Plaintiff's claims against Defendant constitute a debt for money.
- Plaintiff's claims were created by false pretenses, false representations, or actual 42. fraud by Defendant. In order to lure Plaintiff into trusting Defendant with the management of her social media sponsored deals, Defendant represented to Plaintiff that he would provide his Tweet management services for a Ten Percent (10%) commission on Plaintiff's sponsored Tweet deals, and that Paintiff would receive the remaining Ninety Percent (90%).
- In doing the acts described above, Defendant made false representations that 43. Defendant knew were false at the time that Defendant made such false representations to Plaintiff. Defendant did not actually intend to take a Ten Percent (10%) commission on Plaintiff's sponsored Tweet deals, and instead concocted a scheme to take Fifty Percent (50%) of the sponsored Tweet deal money. Upon Plaintiff's discovery of this scheme, Plaintiff claimed that he was entitled to withhold a Five Percent (5%) "administrative fee" and a Thirty-Five Percent (35%) "tax withholding."
- In doing the acts described above, Defendant had the intention and purpose of 44. deceiving Plaintiff. Defendant also concealed and suppressed the fact that he was withholding sponsored Tweet deal monies that he was not entitled to or authorized to withhold.
- Defendant intended that Plaintiff rely on these false representations, and 45. Plaintiff reasonably relied on Defendant's false representations.
- As the proximate result of Defendant's false representations, Plaintiff sustained 46. damages according to proof in an amount of not less than Fifty Nine Thousand Nine Hundred and Minety Seven Dollars and Fifty Five Cents (\$59,997.55), plus punitive damages, together with appropriate interest, attorneys' fees, and costs, and such debts are not dischargeable debts

under 11 U.S.C. § 523 and other applicable law.

Beverly Hills, California 90212

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SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

For Non-Dischargeability Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 523(a)(4)

- Plaintiff incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 to 39 of this Complaint into this 47. section as though fully set forth herein.
- Defendant was tasked with the management of Plaintiff's Twitter-related 48. financial transactions and acted in a fiduciary capacity.
- By fraudulently withholding sums of money in excess of the amounts he was 49. entitled to and otherwise doing the acts described herein, Defendant substantially interfered with Plaintiff's property, preventing Plaintiff from accessing it and effectively stealing money from Plaintiff.
- In doing the acts described herein, Defendant took Plaintiff's money with the 50. intent to convert and deprive Plaintiff of such money, and the debts thereby created are debts which are not dischargeable under 11 U.S.C. § 523 and other applicable law.
- As the proximate result of Defendant's misconduct, Plaintiff sustained damages 51. according to proof in an amount of not less than Fifty Nine Thousand Nine Hundred and Ninety Seven Dollars and Fifty Five Cents (\$59,997.55), plus punitive damages, together with appropriate interest, attorneys' fees, and costs.

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEI

For Breach of Contract

- 52. Plaintiff incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 to 39 of this Complaint into this section as though fully set forth herein.
- After Defendant's employment with Innovative Artists was terminated, 53. Defendant entered into an Agreement with Plaintiff, wherein Defendant agreed to obtain, facilitate, and manage certain sponsored Twitter "Tweet" deals for Plaintiff, in exchange for a Ten Percent (10%) commission on these deals.
 - Plaintiff has fully performed all obligations required of her to be performed 54.

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under the Agreement, except for those obligations that were waived excused, or prevented by Defendant.

- 55. Defendant breached the Agreement by withholding sponsored Twitter "Tweet" deal monies in excess of the Ten Percent (10%) he was entitled to and by failing to properly tender to Plaintiff the monies due her.
- 56. To date, Defendant has failed to pay to Plaintiff the sums of money that Plaintiff is entitled to.
- 57. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's failure and refusal to perform his contractual obligations, Plaintiff has been damaged in an amount according to proof but not less than Fifty Nine Thousand Nine Hundred and Ninety Seven Dollars and Fifty Five Cents (\$59,997.55).
- Plaintiff has suffered other special damages in a sum according to proof at the 58. time of trial.

FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

For Unjust Enrichment

- 59. Plaintiff incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 to 39 of this Complaint into this section as though fully set forth herein.
- As a result of Defendant's actions as alleged herein, Defendant has received the 60. full benefit (and more) of Plaintiff's sponsored Twitter "Tweet" deals (he has received Fifty Percent (50%) of the deal monies instead of the Ten Percent (10%) that he is entitled to), while Plaintiff has only received a fraction of the benefit that she is entitled to for her participation in the sponsored Twitter "Tweet" deals (she has received Fifty Percent (50%) of the deal monies instead of the Ninety Percent (90%) that she is entitled to).
- If Defendant is allowed to retain the excess benefits of the sponsored Twitter 61. "Tweet" deals, he will be unjustly enriched for his wrongdoing in the amount of the difference between what he is actually entitled to (Ten Percent (10%)) and what he has taken (Fifty Percent (50%)).
 - Plaintiff therefore requests that any and all income, increased value, and/or

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profit that Defendant made from Plaintiff's sponsored Twitter "Tweet" deals in excess of the Ten Percent (10%) that he is entitled to, as set forth above, be paid over to Plaintiff in order to avoid this unfair and inequitable result.

FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

For Unfair Business Practices

- Plaintiff incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 to 39 of this Complaint into this 63. section as though fully set forth herein.
- The acts of Defendant that are laid out and alleged herein constitute unlawful, 64. unfair, and/or fraudulent business practices and are unfair and wrongful conduct that is prohibited by California Business and Professions Code § 17200, et seq.
- Defendant engaged in unlawful, unfair, and/or fraudulent business practices, 65. including but not limited to: fabricating an "administrative fee" charge to justify withholding an extra Five Percent (5%) of the sponsored Twitter "Tweet" deal monies that he collected; claiming an obligation to pay Plaintiff's taxes in order to justify withholding an extra Thirty-Five Percent (35%) of the sponsored Twitter "Tweet" deal monies that he collected; failing to competently manage the sponsored Twitter "Tweet" deal monies by properly distributing them to the authorized recipients; and failing to provide Plaintiff or her representatives with a full and complete accounting of the sponsored Twitter "Tweet" deal monies that he collected.
- Defendant did not engage in the above-described misconduct out of any sincere 66. or proper motive; rather, said misconduct was knowing, willful, and oppressive, and intended to appropriate to Defendant what Defendant knew or should have known to be monies that Plaintiff was rightfully entitled to.
- As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's said misconduct, Defendant has 67. been unjustly enriched at the expense of Plaintiff in a substantial sum, and Plaintiff is entitled to restitution, according to proof at the time of trial. O,

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Beverly Hills, California 90212

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PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE Plaintiff TIA MOWRY prays judgment against Defendant BRIAN HANLEY as follows:

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF: Non-Dischargeability Under 11 U.S.C. §523(a)(2)(A)

- (a) For a judicial determination that the debt owing to Plaintiff Tia Mowry, in an amount to be determined at trial but in any event no less than Fifty Nine Thousand Nine Hundred and Ninety Seven Dollars and Fifty Five Cents (\$59,997.55), is non-dischargeable pursuant to 11 U.S.C §523(a)(2)(A) and other applicable law;
- (b) For other general, special, and compensatory damages according to proof at the time of trial;
- (c) For punitive damages in the treble amount of One Hundred Nineteen Thousand Nine Hundred and Ninety Five Dollars and Ten Cents (\$119,995.10), or in an amount that this Court deems appropriate and just;
- (d) For pre-judgment and post-judgment interest on said damages;
- (e) For reasonable attorneys' fees and the costs of suit incurred herein; and
- (f) For any other and further relief which the Court may deem appropriate and just.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF: Non-Dischargeability Under 11 U.S.C. §523(a)(4)

- (a) For a judicial determination that the debt owing to Plaintiff Tia Mowry, in an amount to be determined at trial but in any event no less than Fifty Nine Thousand Nine Hundred and Ninety Seven Dollars and Fifty Five Cents (\$59,997.55), is non-dischargeable pursuant to 11 U.S.C §523(a)(4) and other applicable law;
- (b) For other general, special, and compensatory damages according to proof at the time of trial;
- (c) For punitive damages in the treble amount of One Hundred Nineteen Thousand Nine Hundred and Ninety Five Dollars and Ten Cents (\$119,995.10), or in an amount that this Court deems appropriate and just;

Beverly Hills, California 90212

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(d) For pre-judgment and post-judgment interest on said damages,

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less than Fifty Nine Thousand Nine Hundred and Ninety Seven Dollars and Fifty Five

(b) For other general, special, and compensatory damages according to proof at the time of

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- (a) For restitution damages in an amount to be determined at trial, but in any event no less than Fifty Nine Thousand Nine Hundred and Ninety Seven Dollars and Fifty Five Cents
- (b) For other general, special, and compensatory damages according to proof at the time of

- than Fifty Nine Thousand Nine Hundred and Ninety Seven Dollars and Fifty Five Cents

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	7				David Albert Pierce, Esq. Azita Mirzaian, Esq.	•
	8				Attorney for Plaintiff Tia Mow	'ry
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Attorney or Party Name, Address, Telephone & FAX Nos., State Bar No. & Email Address	FOR COURT USE ONLY
David Albert Pierce, Esq. SBN 162396	
Azita Mirzaian, Esq. SBN 280749	RECEIVED
PIERCE LAW GROUP LLP	KECEIVED
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Suite 225 East Tower	AUG 0 1 2014
	OLEDWING COMMISSION
Beverly Hills, California 90212-3415	CLERK U.S. BANKRUPTCY COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA BY:
Telephone (310) 274-9191	BY: Deputy Clerk
Facsimile (310) 274-9151	•
David@PierceLawGroupLLP.com	
Azita@PierceLawGroupLLP.com	
Attorney for Plaintiff	
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CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFO	BANKRUPTCY COURT
'\\	MINIA - LOS ANGELES DIVISION
In re: Brian Hanley	CASE NO.: 2:14-bk-18459-RK
	CHAPTER: 7
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Debtor(s)(ADVERSARY NUMBER:
Tia Mowry	*
Plaintiff(s) Versus Brian Hanley	SUMMONS AND NOTICE OF STATUS CONFERENCE IN ADVERSARY
,	PROCEEDING [LBR 7004-1]
Defendant(s)	
itten response is If you do not timely file the complaint against you for the relief demanded in the Complain	response to the Complaint. You must also serve a copy of hand corner of this page. The deadline to file and serve a e and serve the response, the court may enter a judgment by t.
status conference in the adversary proceeding commenc	ed by the Complaint has been set for:
Hearing Date: Place:	
	st Temple Street, Los Angeles, CA 90012
, =====	welfth Street, Riverside, CA 92501
	est Fourth Street, Santa Ana, CA 92701
1415 S	tate Street, Santa Barbara, CA 93101
	Burbank Boulevard, Woodland Hills, CA 91367

Α

You must comply with LBR 7016-1, which requires you to file a joint status report and to appear at a status conference. All parties must read and comply with the rule, even if you are representing yourself. You must cooperate with the other parties in the case and file a joint status report with the court and serve it on the appropriate parties at least 14 days before a status conference. A court-approved joint status report form is available on the court's website (LBR form F 7016-1.STATUS.REPORT) with an attachment for additional parties if necessary (LBR form F 7016-1.STATUS. REPORT.ATTACH). If the other parties do not cooperate in filing a joint status report, you still must file with the court a unilateral status report and the accompanying required declaration instead of a joint status report 7 days before the status conference. The court may fine you or impose other sanctions if you do not file a status report. The court may also fine you or impose other sanctions if you fail to appear at a status conference.

KATHLEEN J. CAMPBELL CLERK OF COURT

	Date of Issuance of Summons and Notice of Status Conference in Adversary Proceeding:
	Date of Issuance of Summons and Notice of Status Conference in Adversary Proceeding: By: Deputy Clerk
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	Deputy Clerk
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This form is mandatory. It has been approved for use in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Central District of California.

PROOF OF SERVICE OF DOCUMENT I am over the age of 18 and not a party to this bankruptcy case or adversary proceeding. My business address is: A true and correct copy of the foregoing document entitled: SUMMONS AND NOTICE OF STATUS CONFERENCE IN ADVERSARY PROCEEDING [LBR 7004-1] will be served or was served (a) on the judge in chambers in the form and manner required by LBR 5005-2(d); and (b) in the manner stated below: 1. TO BE SERVED BY THE COURT VIA NOTICE OF ELECTRONIC FILING (NEF): Pursuant to controlling General Orders and LBR, the foregoing document will be served by the court via NEF and hyperlink to the document. On (date) , I checked the CM/ECF docket for this bankruptcy case or adversary proceeding and determined that the following persons are on the Electronic Mail Notice List to receive NEF transmission at the email addresses stated below: Service information continued on attached page 2. SERVED BY UNITED STATES MAIL: On (date) , I served the following persons and/or entities at the last known addresses in this bankruptcy case or adversary proceeding by placing a true and correct copy thereof in a sealed envelope in the United States mail, first class, postage prepaid, and addressed as follows. Listing the judge here constitutes a declaration that mailing to the judge will be completed no later than 24 hours after the document is filed. Service information continued on attached page 3. SERVED BY PERSONAL DELIVERY, OVERNIGHT MAIL, FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION OR EMAIL (state method for each person or entity served): Pursuant to F.R.Civ.P. 5 and/or controlling LBR on (date) the following persons and/or entities by personal delivery, overnight mail service, or (for those who consented in writing to such service method), by facsimile transmission and/or email as follows. Listing the judge here constitutes a declaration that personal delivery on, or overnight mail to, the judge will be completed no later than 24 hours after the document is filed. Service information continued on attached page I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that the foregoing is true and correct. Date Printed Name Signature

This form is mandatory. It has been approved for use in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Central District of California.